854 carrying a baby or small child is astride the
[855] hips held by a cotton cloth or *mastate* (*see* Bark Cloth) strip. One never sees a baby
[856] crawl and they are given anything they cry
863 for. It is interesting to note that habits in connection with excretion are taught practically from birth. The child is taken out of the house and held up while he does his needs. He is not allowed to do so on a lap nor in the dwelling itself.

593 The family is very close. It is not unusual
854 to see a mother put her arm around a son, or a father lie in a hammock with his small children beside him. Parents pay attention to personal details, such as wiping a child's nose or
264 washing its face. There are not, however, regular meal hours. One eats when there is food and when one is hungry. The Pacific
[177] Cabécar copy the rules of the school and eat three times a day in their own homes.

868 Almost as soon as they can walk, both sexes are taught to swim and help to make fires, using the fire fan and blowing. Girls are taught
[864] to pull their skirts between their legs when sitting on the low benches or on the ground before the hearth. At the age of seven, they begin to clean the house, cut fire wood, and cook. The boys cut wood, fish, and hunt, using small arrows for training. When the adults are out in the fields or hunting, children up to ten years old stay at home to tend the fire and to work about the house. Parents also
867 are responsible for teaching tribal customs, for example: the clans with which one can marry;
[788] tabus; the baptism of one's self with salt water when seeing the sea for the first time,[104] etc.

[871] In Talamanca and Chirripó, there is no school and all lore is learned by word of mouth on rainy nights around the hearth. "Study" is
[756] restricted to those preparing to be medicine men (*see* The Medicine Man), who must undergo a severe apprenticeship, or in a less
[767] lengthy manner to those who want to have some connection with the handling of the dead
857 (*see* Death). Games are limited and simple. Small children take pebbles or grass in their
[524] toes and try to place them in a straight line. Often they play with mud daubers' nests or similar objects connected with their environ-
[526] ment. Boys play at marksmanship with a bow,

[104] Pittier, 1938, p. 20.